

WHY SWEAT WHEN A WANT
AD WILL DO YOUR WORK?

The Evening Herald

9 Hundred Million Bushels
of Wheat will Make Quite
a Batch of Bread.

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BLOCKADE OF TAMPICO SUSPENDED BY HUERTA ANOTHER CRISIS PAST

PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT GETS COLD FEET WHEN ITS DANGERS ARE MADE PLAIN

To have Permitted Blockade Would Have Been Recognition of Huerta Government by United States and its Prevention by Force Would Have Been Only Course Left Open to This Government Say Washington Authorities today

WITHDRAWAL OF ORDERS WILL PERMIT SUSPENDED MEDIATION DELIBERATIONS TO CONTINUE

Statements Today by Judge Lamar and Mexican Delegates Show that Conference was on Point of Disruption. Now Believed that Carranza Will be Permitted Representative and that Opposing Adjustment Proposals May be Reconciled.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Washington, June 8.—Huerta has decided after all not to blockade Tampico and force the hand of the United States with the possibility of disrupting the mediation proceedings at Niagara Falls. Mr. Bryan, the Spanish ambassador, notified Secretary Bryan officially to that effect today. General Huerta's dispatch announcing the suspension of the blockade was received at the Spanish embassy early today and its purport was immediately communicated to Secretary Bryan at his home. Later a fuller report was made to the secretary after the transmission.

The dispatch requested the Spanish ambassador to inform the American government that the suspension of the blockade had been decreed by General Huerta; that official notification will be published in an official paper tomorrow and that orders had been given to the Mexican garrisons to return to Puerto Mexico.

General Huerta's action in calling off the blockade was inspired, it was stated, by a sincere desire not to jeopardize the success of the mediation. In diplomatic circles Huerta's action was regarded as conclusive evidence of sincerity that he had placed the fate of his government and the settlement of the Mexican problem fully in the hands of the American mediation and his representatives at Niagara Falls. The wires between Washington, Niagara Falls and Mexico City have been hot with official dispatches since the receipt Saturday afternoon of the dispatch announcing the proclamation of the blockade. Representations on the serious nature of the crisis president by his action, and the decision of the American government to keep Tampico open were made to General Huerta from several quarters with appeals to sacrifice a possible momentary advantage for his government in order to prevent the collapse of a 135 peace conference at Niagara Falls.

FRANK CARRANZA WILL
BE RECEIVED IN CONFERENCE
In official circles here the rescinding of the Tampico blockade order was regarded as an indication that General Carranza will be received into the Niagara Falls conference. Carranza's answer to the mediators, it was generally expected, will be forwarded from Saltillo tonight or tomorrow. Upon what terms the constitutionalist leader's representatives may agree to enter the negotiations was not definitely known here but there was a feeling that the conference at Niagara yesterday and negotiations resulting from the conference with the Washington government and General Huerta had worked out an understanding by which the scope of mediation was to be broadened.

Though unconfirmed here, reports were persistent that the mediators had induced General Huerta to rescind the blockade order only after there had been some assurance from the United States as to the disposition of the Antilla. One report of it that the steamer

would be diverted to some other port, probably Havana, pending further mediation negotiations. Secretary Bryan's face was illuminated with a smile when he read the news. He was asked if the Spanish ambassador, in announcing the suspension of the blockade, had made any protest to the United States on behalf of Antilla's crew or if there had been any negotiations on the part of this government and the owners of the Antilla with a view to diverting the ship from Tampico.

"I cannot discuss anything further than to state that the blockade had been suspended," was Mr. Bryan's reply.

"What will be the effect of this latest development upon mediation?" he was asked.

"All I can say about mediation is that it is progressing satisfactorily," Mr. Bryan said.

"With any further degree of satisfaction than heretofore," he was asked.

"I think I would stick to plain facts," he said.

NINE HUNDRED MILLION BUSHELS OF WHEAT, REPORT

Department of Agriculture's Statement Today Shows Earlier Estimates Exceeded; Wheat Production Now Placed 628,000,000 Bushels, from 53,377,000 Acres Now Showing Condition 93.7. Half of World's Production.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Washington, June 8.—Nine hundred million bushels of wheat, almost half of the average world's wheat production and a new record for the United States, is the prospective total yield of the farms of the country this year, the department of agriculture announced today in its June crop report.

The enormous crop will be 127,000,000 bushels more than ever was grown before in the United States in any one year. There also will be large yields of oats and barley, probably second in size in the history of the nation.

Washington, June 8.—The June crop report of the department of agriculture announced today shows:
SPRING WHEAT—Area 17,399,000 acres; condition, 95.5 per cent; estimated yield, 1.6 bushels per acre; estimated production, 282,000,000 bushels.
WINTER WHEAT—Condition, 93.7 per cent; yield, 18.1 bushels per acre.
ALL WHEAT—Area, 53,377,000 acres; condition, 93.7; yield, 16.3; production, 628,000,000 bushels.

WHEAT TO BE RESCUED
AS DISRUPTION IS NEAR
Niagara Falls, Ont., June 8.—Mediation passed safely today over the shoals of threatened disruption. General Huerta came to the rescue, rescinding the order which had been issued for a blockade, at a moment when the mediation had been suspended.

The blockade incident had been satisfactory adjusted," was the announcement of Justice Lamar, as the American delegates entered their conference with the mediators.

"We have received word from Secretary Bryan that the Spanish ambassador has been advised by General Huerta of the raising of the blockade."

Justice Lamar said he was unimpressed as to the reason which had actuated Huerta. The mediators said they had taken no action with reference to the movements of the Cuban ship Antilla, carrying arms for the constitutionalists at Tampico, the incident which brought in the question of a blockade. The Mexican delegates, however, announced they would have a statement of explanation.

The position of the American government was said to be that it would be tantamount to partial recognition of the Huerta government to permit the latter to engage in the act of blockade which is prohibited by the international law, and sanctioned by the comity of nations. It was rumored that the Spanish ambassador in Washington, who is caring for Huerta's interests in the United States had been able to make some arrangements whereby the Antilla voluntarily would withdraw her cargo of arms from the constitutionalists. This could not be confirmed here.

The incident, however, was regarded as of supreme importance, not alone because the raising of the blockade prevented the search of foreign vessels carrying international commerce and saved the United States from an awkward situation but it is taken to indicate that during the progress of the mediation proceedings President Huerta was not disposed to raise any question likely to jeopardize the settlement of the Mexican problem through the instrument of diplomacy. There was considerable talk, however, that a tacit understanding may have been reached by which the constitutionalists would not receive further shipments of arms at Tampico and this had influenced Huerta to suspend the blockade.

SUPREME COURT SUSTAINS THE COMMISSION ONCE MORE

Rules Against Powers of State Commissions in Fixing Rates, in Hard Fought Shreveport Rate Case.

DECISION ONE OF MOST IMPORTANT RULINGS
Contention That Trade Wall Has Been Set Up Around Texas Through State Authority Is Sustained.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Washington, June 8.—The supreme court today upheld the interstate commerce commission's orders in the Shreveport rate case, thus placing interstate railroads more under the commission and less under state commissions.

Justice Hughes announced the court's decision. He spoke of the unrestricted power of the interstate commerce commission over interstate commerce, saying the commission was expressly created to prevent conflicting state legislation.

Justice Hughes pointed out that congress and not the states has the power to prevent the instruments of interstate commerce from being used so as to injure interstate commerce.

The far reaching effect of the decision lies in the fact that rates which the interstate commerce commission ordered indirectly increased to remove discrimination were prescribed by the Texas state railroad commission.

Under the federal commission's order the only way the railroads may escape conflict with the Texas commission is to reduce the interstate rates from Shreveport to Texas cities, so as to put the Louisiana city on a competitive basis with Texas jobbing centers.

Justice Hughes expressly recognized the importance of the case, so stating he concluded his opinion.

"It is essential," he added, "that interstate commerce have due master and not many."

The fight for better rates for Shreveport jobbers into Texas promised from the start to establish a precedent governing the future trade of cities along state boundaries. So important was the matter deemed to be that the Louisiana railroad commission itself initiated the contest before the interstate commerce commission in behalf of the jobbers along the Louisiana-Texas border.

PRESIDENT TO ACCEPT SENATE CHANGE

Looks on Tolls Repeals Bill Amendment with Disfavor Useless Addition to the as Useless Addition to the Measure.

COLOMBIAN TREATY
STILL BEFORE BRYAN

Troops, President Tells Reporters, will not be Removed From Colorado Coal Fields. Hopes for Conservation Legislation.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Washington, June 8.—President Wilson is expected to accept the senate amendments to the Panama canal exemption repeal bill, specifying that the United States does not waive its right to discriminate in favor of its own shipping, but he does not feel that the senate gives its assent to the repeal in "ungrudging measure" by attaching amendments. Mr. Wilson takes the position that as legislation in no way waives treaty rights he may accept the measure, although he decried passage of the repeal without limitation.

In answer to questions concerning the Colombian treaty, the president today said secretary Bryan still has that and the Nicaraguan treaty under consideration and no definite decision has been made as to when they will be submitted to the senate.

Troops will not be removed from the Colorado coal fields immediately. The White House has reason to believe a conference will soon come about between the warring factions which will doubtless end in a settlement of differences and make possible the withdrawal of federal troops without danger of further conflict.

The president believes the prospect for the passing of the conservation program in the house is good and expressed the hope that the measure desired by the senate may be passed also by the senate before the end of the session.

LEFT HUSBAND ONE
DOLLAR IN WILL
THEN TOOK POISON

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Los Angeles, Cal., June 8.—Leaving a will bequeathing \$1 of her wealth to her husband, Charles A. Purcell, a broker in Chicago, Mrs. A. G. Purcell ended her life today by inhaling poison in her hotel apartment.

Mrs. Purcell had lived here two years. The remains of her estate was left to her daughter-in-law, Hilda Purcell, of River Forest, Illinois.

Charles A. Purcell is a principal in a suit now before the supreme court in California which attacks his right to the personal use of the half million dollar estate of Mary B. Purcell, who left him her property as residuary legatee.

Copper on Hand.
New York, June 8.—The report of the Copper Producers' association for May shows an increase in stocks on hand of 14,000,000 pounds, compared with the previous month.

THOUSANDS OF MILLIONS IN CONGRESS AT PARIS

Sixth International Congress of Commercial Bodies Brings Together Influential Men of All Nations.

QUESTIONS OF WORLD INTEREST DISCUSSED
Everything from International Calendar Reform to a World Uniform Monetary System on the Program.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Paris, June 8.—Many thousands of millions of dollars engaged in industry and commerce in the leading nations of the world are represented at the Sixth International Congress of Chambers of Commerce and Commercial and Industrial Associations, which was called together here today. Its business sessions are to last from June 8 to June 19, and during that period are down for discussion many questions of prime interest and paramount importance to the trade and commercial relations of the entire globe.

The widespread range of the activities of the congress is shown in the fact that delegates from no fewer than thirty-seven nations answered the roll call, while 369 associations, including 91 in the United States, representing nearly every state and territory in the Union, are affiliated with the congress.

The countries from which delegates were announced are: Argentina, Australia, Austria, the Bahamas, Belgium, Bermuda, Brazil, British India, the British Isles, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Cuba, Denmark, Ecuador, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Portugal, Roumania, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United States and Uruguay.

Among American members of the permanent committee are: Edward A. Filene, Boston, Mass.; Bernard J. Shoringer, president of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris; Harry A. Wheeler, of Chicago, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States; John M. Fahney of Brookline, Mass.; and George S. Atwood, secretary of the American Association of Commerce and Trade, Berlin.

Canada is also strongly represented with delegates from Montreal, Moncton, Ottawa, Belleville, St. Catherine's, St. John, Sherbrooke and Toronto.

The subjects on which reports are to be made and resolutions to be presented to the congress include: Fixed Easter, calendar reforms; unfair competition—proposed international action; customs statistics; penny postage; unification of laws concerning checks; postal transfers and clearing; unification of laws concerning arbitration procedure for regulating litigation between citizens of different nations; unification of laws relating to warehouses, certificates with the view of facilitating, extending and better guaranteeing credit on merchandise; gold reserves to prevent financial panics; advancement of time in summer; 24-hour day; customs stamps for affixing to postal consignments; projected uniform type of bill of lading, as far as regards general conditions for subletting or regular steamship lines, in order to avoid contradictions, surprises or uncertainties; and a study

When Week-Old News Went Out of Favor, Day-Old News Was Doomed, Too
It seems a long time ago when we were content to wait a week to learn the news of the neighborhood, and of the rest of the world. But it was not so long ago—and the weekly newspaper still has its sphere of usefulness.

The newspaper of old morning issue was a great stride in advance of the old fashioned weekly—for it printed today the news of yesterday.

Of course the advent of the morning newspaper meant, in due course, the appearance of the evening newspaper, whose organization and equipment should enable it to print the day's news the same day—for the benefit of those who do not like to wait until tomorrow to learn what has been going on in the world today.

TWO KILLED IN OGDEN AS BUILDING FALLS

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Ogden, Utah, June 8.—Two men were killed and four injured when the concrete garage of Mrs. David Eocles, in process of construction, collapsed today. The dead are: L. C. Bell and William H. Wood, both of Ogden.

Iowa Bank to Liquidate.
Glidden, Iowa, June 8.—The Farmers' bank of Glidden, a private institution, capitalized at \$50,000 and having deposits of \$115,000, closed its doors for liquidation today.

Work on Clayton Bill Begins.
Washington, June 8.—The senate judiciary committee today voted to begin work immediately on the Clayton anti-trust bill, passed last week by the house.